Upper Cylinder Lubricant

Safety Data Sheet

SafeWork Australia

Issue date: 06/17/2020 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : Upper Cylinder Lubricant

Product code : 10003, 10013, 10020, 10080, 10086, 10090

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Lubricant

Restrictions on use : No additional information available

1.3. Supplier

Supplier
Lucas Oil Products, Inc
302 North Sheridan Street
Corona, California 92880-2067 - USA
T (951) 270-0154 - F (951) 270-1902
www.LucasOil.com

Importer:
Logan Distribution Limited

13F Piermark Drive, Rosedale, Auckland, NZ. 428-432 Rangitikei Street, Palmerston North, NZ.
Australia:+61 3 8579 1361 Australia Fax:+61 3 8579 1366
New Zealand:+64 6 280 1300
Web: www.lucasoil.com.au www.lucasoilnz.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : ChemTel
1-800-255-3924 (USA, Canada, Puerto Rico, US V.I.)
+1-813-248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification

Not classified

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS labelling

No labelling applicable

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%)	(CAS-No.) 64742-54-7	0 – 95	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

***Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret**

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Burning produces irritating, toxic and noxious fumes.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Use personal protective equipment as required.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Refer to section 8.2.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Refer to section 8.2.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)
Not applicable

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Use only in well ventilated areas.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection:

Use rubber gloves. nitrile rubber gloves

Eye protection:

In case of splashing or aerosol production: protective goggles.

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Approved organic vapour respirator

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Colour	:	light yellow
Odour	:	petroleum
Odour threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Non flammable.
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	0.868
Solubility	:	No data available
Log Pow	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	105 mm^2/s @ 40 °C
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidising properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.53 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic : 105 mm²/s @ 40 °C

Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation. Skin and eye contact.
Symptoms/effects : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)	
EC50 crustacea	> 10000 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Upper Cylinder Lubricant	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Upper Cylinder Lubricant	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADG

Not regulated.

Transport by sea

Not regulated.

Air transport

Not regulated.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulations

Upper Cylinder Lubricant
All components are listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances).

SECTION 16: Other information

Data sources : ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists). European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) C&L Inventory database. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database. Krister Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth Edition. National Fire Protection Association. Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th edition. OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard. REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

Full text of H-statements:

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number
	CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.
	EC50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals).
	LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits
	TWA: Time Weighted Average

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